It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the statement on the label, "Protein 41.12%," was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser.

On January 4, 1928, the Humphreys Godwin Co., Memphis, Tenn., having appeared as claimant for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$1,000, conditioned in part that it not be sold or otherwise disposed of contrary to law.

W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.

15665. Adulteration of figs. U. S. v. 18 Bags of Figs. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 21938. I. S. No. 17276-x. S. No. W-2153.)

On May 27, 1927, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 18 bags of figs, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped by the J. P. Hynes Packing Co. from Oakland, Calif., March 14, 1927, and had been transported from the State of California into the State of Washington, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Fancy White Figs Nun Gim."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On June 22, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.

15666. Adulteration of fig paste. U. S. v. 115 Cases of Fig Paste. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 22155. I. S. No. 12973-x. S. No. 211.)

On November 12, 1927, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 115 cases of fig paste, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped by R. Fair, from Oakland, Calif., October 14, 1927, and transported from the State of California into the State of Washington, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "The Pacific Coast Biscuit Company, Seattle, Washn.;" "Prepared with Sulphur Dioxide * * * Calimyrna Figs Paste."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On January 17, 1928, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.

15667. Adulteration of figs. U. S. v. 50 Boxes and 75 Boxes of Figs. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 22286. I. S. Nos. 17559-x, 17560-x. S. No. 330.)

On December 14, 1927, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 125 boxes of figs, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped by Lekas and Drivas, from New York, N. Y., to Los Angeles, Calif., and reshipped to Seattle, Wash., on October 30, 1927, and December 1, 1927, respectively, and had been transported from the State of New York into the State of California, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Order of Lekas & Drivas * * * L. & D. New York. Calamata. Product of Greece Choice Figs Crosses 24;" or "Choice Calamata Figs. Crop 1927 Order of Lekas & Drivas, * * * L. & D., New York. Product of Greece. Lekas & Drivas, Calamata."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.